ECOS 2024 Fall Meeting Breakout Option #3: PFAS Destruction, Disposal, & Designation Wednesday, September 4 at 2:10 - 3:10 p.m. Eastern

Evaluating PFAS Destruction Technologies

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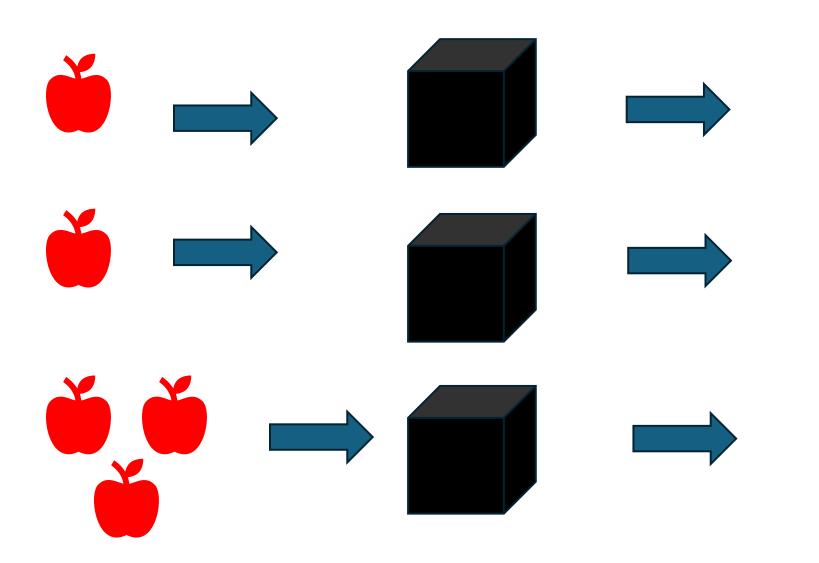


Question 1:

What are the top challenges or considerations you see with regards to PFAS destruction and disposal policy and technology?



Destructive Technology Evaluation Test Methods



OTM-45 If successful it just shows that you can't see the whole intact apple.

1st step of evaluation

OTM-50 and OTM-55 Can you see any pits or stems? PIDs (products of incomplete destruction)

DREs Destruction removal efficiencies. To get more nines you need more apples. 99.9999% is 100 times more efficient than 99.99%.





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Role of technology and innovation in PFAS

Question 1:

What are the top challenges or considerations you see with regards to PFAS destruction and disposal policy and technology?

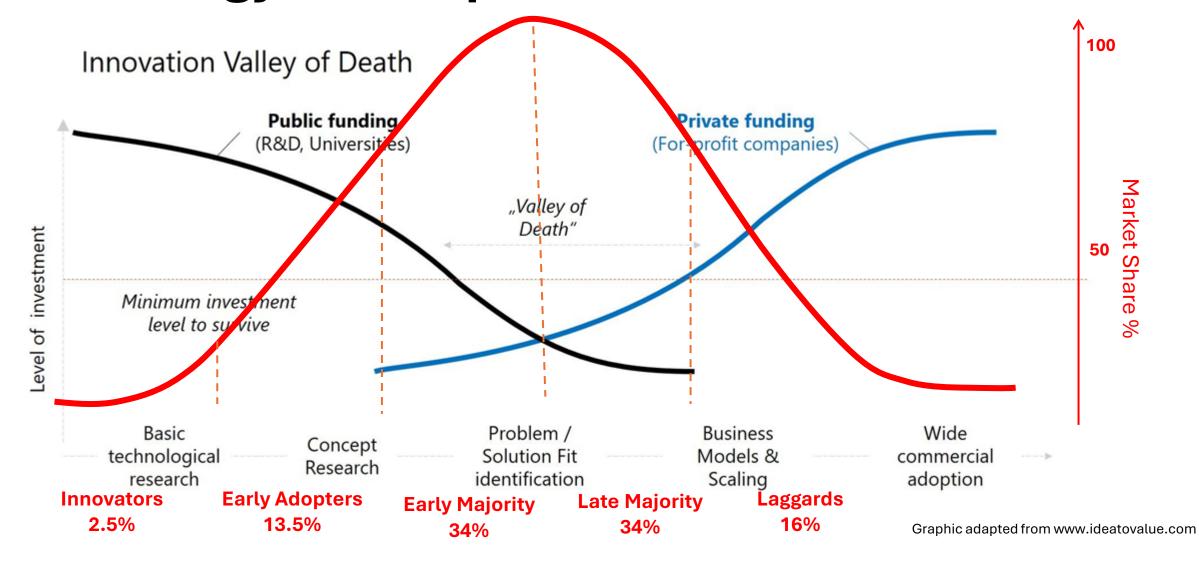
Technology and Innovation- What to consider...

Products

Process

Water/Waste/ Environment

Technology Development



Question 2:

Can each of you walk through these considerations and steps again, but in the context of firefighting foam?





Protecting Liability and Sustainability

Creates a defensible narrative backed by data. Simplified story to tell about how material is handled.

Infrastructure already exists so we do not need to recreate the wheel.

Focus on using resources we already have and making the best use of them. Ex. Non-solvent based on-site carbon and resin regeneration.

Consider energy and water usage.



Question 2: Can each of you walk through these considerations and steps again, but in the context of firefighting foam?

Key Considerations- Challenges and Opportunities

Research and Development

Demonstration and Validation

Commercializati on

Operational Expansion

Question 3:

What are your top one or two suggestions for the audience?



Top 5 Evaluation Criteria for PFAS Treatment and Disposal Choices

- Viability acceptance by regulators, the public, and consideration of environmental justice
- RCRA permitted facility
- Proven Results
- Sustainable and Scalable energy and water use
- Maximum emission control technologies







Basic Questions to Ask in the Absence of Standardized Evaluation Criteria

- What are the demonstrated removal/destruction efficiencies, demonstrated using OTM-45, OTM-50?
- Do they address compounds beyond PFOA and PFOS and short-chained PFAS compounds?
- Can you identify a potential path for liberation or transformation? Remember that a potential change in structure can make the compound invisible to LC/MS/MS analysis.
- If it is a destructive technology are emission controls in place, example MACT certified (Maximum Achievable Control Technologies) Montreal Protocol?
- What is the future liability if new discoveries are made?



Question 3: What are your top one or two suggestions for the audience?

What does the future hold?

- Will the technology development and commercialization pace change?
- How will remedy selection change from current practices? How will that impact costs?
 - Short-term? long—term?
- More Technology Acceleration programs?
 - Defense Innovation Unit (DIU)
 - State Programs/Funding

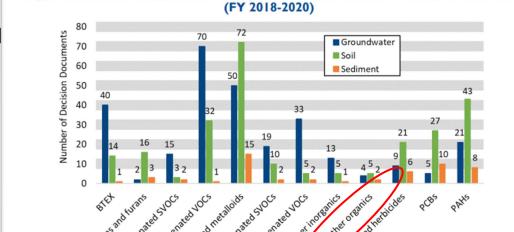


Figure 7: Detailed Contaminant Groups Addressed in Recent Decision Documents

Table 8: Comparison of Remedy Selection Data (FY 2015-2017 and FY 2018-2020)

| Selected Remedy | | FY 2015 - 2017 | FY 2018 - 2020 |
|-----------------|-------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Source | Treatment | 42% | 50% |
| | In Situ Treatment | 20% | 34% |
| | Ex Situ Treatment | 29% | 27% |
| | Containment/Disposal | 67% | 67% |
| | Disposal (off-site) | 45% | 52% |
| | Containment (on-site) | 46% | 39% |
| | Institutional Controls | 71% | 69% |
| Groundwater | Treatment | 65% | 67% |
| | In Situ Treatment | 51% | 47% |
| | Ex Situ Treatment (P&T) | 20% | 31% |
| | MNA | 20% | 31% |
| | Institutional Controls | 71% | 75% |